

To the Executive Committee American Milking Shorthorn Society Beloit, Wisconsin

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of American Milking Shorthorn Society ("Organization") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Organization's system of internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies in the Organization's internal control to be significant deficiencies:

- Proper internal controls dictate that one person should not have control of two or more of the following duties related to any one cycle (disbursements cycle, revenue cycle, payroll cycle, etc.):
 - Authorization
 - Custody
 - Recordkeeping
 - Reconciliation

The Organization operates its accounting and reporting function with a limited number of staff, which precludes a proper segregation of duties. The lack of duty segregation represents a significant deficiency in internal controls. This condition is not, however, unusual in entities the size of the Organization. It is important for management to be aware of this condition and to realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a few individuals is not desirable from a control point of view. Under these conditions, the most effective controls rest in management's knowledge and monitoring of matters relating to the Organization's financial affairs.

It was noted during our payroll testing that none of the employee personnel files contained current pay
rate documentation. Maintaining pay rate authorization in the employee personnel files is an important
control against unauthorized changes in pay rates. We suggest that the Organization institute a policy of
maintaining a record of employee pay rates in employees' personnel files, along with approvals for pay
rate increases.

We have audited the financial statements of American Milking Shorthorn Society ("Organization") for the year ended December 31, 2024, and we will issue our report thereon dated June 4, 2025. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated February 28, 2025. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Organization are described in Note 2 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. We noted no transactions entered into by the Organization during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the allowance for credit losses on uncollectible tuition and fees receivable is based on the nature of the customer.
- Management's estimate of the depreciable lives of property and equipment is based on estimated useful lives.
- Management's estimate of the allocation of functional expenses is based on management's estimates using various methods.
- Management's estimate of the value of right of use assets and operating lease liability based on future payments and estimated term of the lease.

We evaluated the methods, assumptions, and data used to develop the aforementioned estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Significant Audit Matters (continued)

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a disagreement on a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 4, 2025.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Organization's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Organization's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Executive Committee and management of American Milking Shorthorn Society and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.